The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2019

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs (the Municipality), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Municipality as at December 31, 2019, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Municipality or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Chatham, Ontario November 10, 2020

The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31	201	2019		
Financial Assets Cash Temporary investments (Note 3) Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Investment in Bluewater Power Corporation (Note 4)	\$ 406,13 131,81 96,65 221,64 172,88	3 4 2	234,343 125,335 110,807 196,642 161,046	
	1,029,12	7	828,173	
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue (Note 5) Deposits Municipal debt (Note 6)	136,40 1,00 10,50 1,234,33 1,382,24)) 2	116,334 39,219 10,000 685,117	
Net Financial Assets (Deficit)	(353,11	3)	(22,497)	
Non-Financial Assets Tangible capital assets (Note 8) Prepaid expenses	3,966,56 19,07 3,985,64	9	3,327,597 23,141 3,350,738	
Accumulated surplus (Note 9)	\$ 3,632,53	2 \$	3,328,241	

On behalf of Council:	

The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

		Budget	Actual	Actual
For the year ended December 31		2019	2019	2018
		(Note 10)		
Revenue				
Taxation	\$	455,161	\$ •	\$ 415,124
Taxation from other governments Fees and user charges		102,500 356,360	102,502 319,127	91,960 348,114
Grants		467,702	596,754	316,248
Other		27,645	75,012	47,475
Bluewater Power Corporation (Note 4)		6,403	18,272	20,550
		1,415,771	1,572,973	1,239,471
Expenses				
General government		291,593	317,437	301,218
Protection services		290,466	246,021	254,308
Transportation services Environmental services		262,785 349,492	271,036 346,878	223,250 333,848
Health services		5,948	21,274	18,136
Recreation and cultural services		33,900	49,519	37,549
Planning and development		17,500	16,517	1,151
	_	1,251,684	1,268,682	1,169,460
Annual surplus		164,087	304,291	70,011
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		3,328,241	3,328,241	3,258,230
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$	3,492,328	\$ 3,632,532	\$ 3,328,241

The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

	Budget	Actual	Actual
For the year ended December 31	2019	2019	2018
	(Note 10)		
Annual surplus	\$ 164,087 \$	304,291 \$	70,011
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Net change in prepaid expenses	 (165,662) 182,500 -	(821,478) 182,509 4,062	(598,873) 149,723 (22,622)
Net change in net financial assets	180,925	(330,616)	(401,761)
Net financial assets, beginning of year	 (22,497)	(22,497)	379,264
Net financial assets (deficit), end of year	\$ 158,428 \$	(353,113) \$	(22,497)

The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31		2019	2018
Cash provided by (used in)			
Operating activities Annual surplus Items not involving cash	\$	304,291 \$	70,011
Amortization of tangible capital assets Share of net income of Bluewater Power Corporation		182,509 (18,272)	149,723 (20,550)
		468,528	199,184
Net change in non-cash working capital items Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Long-term receivables		14,153 (25,000) -	21,181 (61,435) 517
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Deposits Prepaid expenses		20,074 (38,219) 500 4,062	13,495 38,219 - (22,622)
терии схрензез		(24,430)	(10,645)
		444,098	188,539
Capital transactions Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(821,478)	(598,873)
Investing activities Dividends from Bluewater Power Corporation		6,435	6,402
Financing activities Long-term debt advances Repayment of municipal debt		585,000 (35,785)	495,000 (24,918)
		549,215	470,082
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		178,270	66,150
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	359,678	293,528
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	537,948 \$	359,678
Comprised of: Cash Temporary investments	\$	406,135 \$ 131,813	234,343 125,335
	\$	537,948 \$	359,678

December 31, 2019

1. Nature of Business

The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs (the "Village") is a municipality in the Province of Ontario, Canada, and was founded in 1865. The Village conducts its operations guided by the provisions of provincial statutes such as the Municipal Act, Municipal Affairs Act and related legislation.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements of the Village are the representations of management prepared in accordance with accounting principles established by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada as prescribed by the Ontario Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing.

(a) Basis of Reporting

(i) Reporting Entity

These consolidated financial statements reflect the financial assets, liabilities, reserves, surpluses/deficits, revenues and expenditures of all municipal organizations and committees which are controlled by Council. These entities included:

- Village of Oil Springs Fire Department
- Village of Oil Springs Waterworks
- Village of Oil Springs Cemetery Board General Fund
- Oil Springs Electricity Holdings Inc.
- Oil Springs Parks and Recreation Board

All interfund financial assets, liabilities, reserves, surpluses/deficits, revenues and expenditures have been eliminated on consolidation.

(ii) Government Business Enterprises

The investment in Bluewater Power Corporation is accounted for on the modified equity basis which reflects the Village's investment in the enterprise and its share of net income since acquisition. Under the modified equity basis, the enterprise's accounting principles are not adjusted to conform with those of the municipality and inter-organizational transactions and balances are not eliminated.

(iii) Accounting for County and School Board Transactions

The taxation, other revenues, expenditures, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards and the County of Lambton are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements except to the extent that any amounts due to or from are reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. Taxation raised by the Village on their behalf is reflected as a deduction from total taxation on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus.

December 31, 2019

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(a) Basis of Reporting (Continued)

(iv) Trust Funds

Trust funds and their related operations administered by the Village are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements, but are reported separately on the Trust Funds Statement of Continuity and Balance Sheet.

(b) Basis of Accounting

(i) Accrual Basis of Accounting

The consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less and are stated at cost.

(iii) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the Change in Net Financial Assets for the year.

(iv) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Cost includes all costs directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at their fair market value at the date of contribution. Where fair market value cannot be reasonably determined, contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at a nominal amount. Amortization is provided over the estimated useful life of the assets, using the straight line method. The useful life of the assets is based on estimates determined by management. The following useful lives are used:

Buildings50 yearsEquipment5 - 20 yearsFleet5 - 20 yearsRoads20 - 75 yearsUnderground and other networks40 - 80 yearsBridges and other structures50 years

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

December 31, 2019

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting (Continued)

(v) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets, art and historic treasures, and items inherited by right of the Crown, such as Crown lands, forests, water, and mineral resources, are not recognized in these consolidated financial statements.

(vi) Deferred Revenue

Revenue restricted by legislation, regulation or agreement and not available for general municipal purposes is reported as deferred revenue on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. The revenue is reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus in the year in which it is used for the specified purpose.

(vii) Revenue Recognition

Property tax billings are prepared by the municipality based on assessment rolls issued by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation ("MPAC"). Tax rates are established annually by Village Council, incorporating amounts to be raised for local services, the requisition made by the County of Lambton in respect of County services and amounts the Village is required to collect on behalf of the Province of Ontario in respect of education taxes. A normal part of the assessment process is the issue of supplementary assessment rolls which provide updated information with respect to changes in property assessment. Once a supplementary assessment roll is received, the Village determines the taxes applicable and renders supplementary tax billings. Assessments and related property taxes are also subject to appeal. Each year management provides a best estimate of the affect of supplementary assessments and tax appeals on taxation revenue.

The Village is entitled to collect interest and penalties on overdue taxes. This revenue is recorded in the period the interest and penalties are levied.

User fees and other revenues are recognized when related goods or services are provided and collectability is reasonably assured.

Investment income earned on surplus funds (other than obligatory reserve funds) are reported as revenue on the daily accrual basis. Investment income earned on obligatory reserve funds is recorded directly to each fund balance.

Conditional grant revenue is recognized to the extent the conditions imposed on it have been fulfilled. Unconditional grant revenue is recognized when the monies are receivable. Grants for the acquisition of tangible capital assets are recognized in the period in which eligible expenditures are made.

December 31, 2019

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting (Continued)

(viii) Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. Temporary Investments

The temporary investments consist of guaranteed investment certificates stated at cost plus accrued interest, with maturity dates of less than one year and bear interest at an average rate of 2.12% (2018 - 1.82%)

4. Investment in Bluewater Power Corporation

In recognition of the requirements of Bill 35 (The Energy Competition Act, 1998) the Village, along with the City of Sarnia, Town of Petrolia, Township of Warwick, Village of Point Edward and Village of Alvinston, effective October, 2000, merged their hydroelectrical operations and transferred all of the their hydro-electrical assets and liabilities to Bluewater Power Corporation and its subsidiary.

In consideration of the transfers, each municipality took back a proportionate share of the common shares of Bluewater Power Corporation and promissory notes of its wholly owned subsidiary, Bluewater Power Distribution Corporation. The Village's proportionate share of the investment amounted to 0.33% (33 common shares).

The investment is composed of the following:

Bluewater Power Corporation - common shares Share of net income since acquisition, net of dividends received

 2019	2018
\$ 59,506	\$ 59,506
 113,377	101,540
\$ 172,883	\$ 161,046

December 31, 2019

4.	Investment in Bluewater Power Corporation (Continued)				
	Continuity of Investment			2019	2018
	Balance, beginning of year	9	3	161,046	\$ 146,898
	Share of net income for the year Less: Share of dividends for the year	_		18,272 6,435	20,550 6,402
	Net increase in equity during the year	_		11,837	14,148
		9	5	172,883	\$ 161,046
	Bluewater Power Corporation - Financial Position				
				2019	2018
	Assets Current assets Property, plant and equipment Other assets	\$	76	,954,322 ,407,188 ,061,392	\$ 29,869,264 71,862,777 6,189,274
	Total assets Regulatory balances			,422,902 ,710,743	107,921,315 3,305,906
	Total assets and regulatory balances	\$1	115	,133,645	\$ 111,227,221
				2019	2018
	Liabilities Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	\$	39	,469,389 ,653,834 ,123,223	\$ 18,602,719 39,051,221 57,653,940
		_	37	, 123,223	37,033,740
	Equity Share capital Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive loss	_	36	,032,105 ,985,678 ,629,199)	18,032,105 33,772,608 (3,002,997)
	Total equity		52	,388,584	48,801,716
	Total liabilities and equity Regulatory balances	1		,511,807 ,621,838	106,455,656 4,771,565
	Total liabilities, equity and regulatory balances	\$1	115	,133,645	\$ 111,227,221

December 31, 2019

4. Investment in Bluewater Power Corporation (Continued)

Bluewater Power Corporation - Results of Operations

_	2019		2018
			129,969,833 122,085,645 1,851,000
	4,422,883 1,448,564 (708,229) 373,798		6,033,188 (215,606) (789,673) 1,199,271
\$	5,537,016	\$	6,227,180
\$	18,272	\$	20,550
\$	1,950,148	\$	1,940,098
\$	6,435	\$	6,402
\$	11,837	\$	14,148
	12 —	\$132,786,008 126,436,125 1,927,000 4,422,883 1,448,564 (708,229) 373,798 \$5,537,016 \$18,272 \$1,950,148 \$6,435	\$132,786,008 \$2 126,436,125 1,927,000 4,422,883 1,448,564 (708,229) 373,798 \$5,537,016 \$ \$18,272 \$ \$1,950,148 \$ \$6,435 \$

5. Deferred Revenue

Provincial legislation restricts how certain funds may be used, and as well donors may stipulate specific uses for the donations. Deferred revenue related to these funds is comprised of the following:

		2019		2018
Donations and grants	\$	1,000	\$	39,219
The net change during the year in the deferred revenue bal	ances	is as follow	VS:	
		2019		2018
Balance, beginning of year Donations and grants	\$	39,219 50,000	\$	1,000 128,205
Transfer to operations		89,219 88,219		129,205 89,986
Balance, end of year	\$	1,000	\$	39,219

December 31, 2019

6. Municipal Debt

(a) The balance of municipal debt reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position consists of the following:

	_	2019	2018
Ontario Infrastructure debenture, bearing interest at 3.53%, repayable in blended semi-annual payments of \$9,117, maturing April 2032.	\$	183,008	\$ 194,478
John Deere Credit loan, non-interest bearing, repayable in monthly payments of \$316, maturing June 2020.		1,896	5,689
Ontario Infrastructure debenture, bearing interest at 2.79%, repayable in blended semi-annual payments of \$13,258, maturing January 2028.		199,428	219,950
Ontario Infrastructure debenture, bearing interest at 2.43% repayable in semi-annual payments of \$26,957, maturing September 2039.		850,000	265,000
	\$	1,234,332	\$ 685,117

(b) The following schedule shows the principal repayments of long-term debt for fully disbursed debt expected over the next five fiscal years:

2020	\$ 68,333
2021	68,271
2022	70,156
2023	72,095
2024	74,089
Thereafter	881,388
	\$ 1,234,332

- (c) Total interest charges related to the municipal debt are reported in expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and amounted to \$24,339 (2018 \$13,132).
- (d) The annual principal and interest payments required to service these liabilities are within the annual debt repayment limit prescribed by the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing.

7. Operating Line of Credit

The Village has an operating line of credit with a bank with a limit of \$100,000, none of which was drawn at year end. The line of credit is unsecured.

December 31, 2019

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Tangible Capital Assets 2019											Underground	p.	Bridges and Other	ی	
	ı	Land		Buildings	ان	Equipment		Fleet		Roads	Networks		Structures	SS	Total
Cost Balance - December 31, 2018 Additions Disposals	↔	223,535	↔	490,096	↔	464,133 39,897 (4,079)	↔	647,097 7,370 -	↔	1,688,193 643,493	\$ 3,655,728 130,718		\$ 252,246	46 \$	7,421,028 821,478 (4,079)
Balance - December 31, 2019	↔	223,535	↔	490,096	↔	499,951	↔	654,467	↔	2,331,686	\$ 3,786,446		\$ 252,246	46 \$	8,238,427
Accumulated Amortization Balance - December 31, 2018 Amortization expense Disposals	↔	1 1 1	∨	280,777 7,108	∨	316,100 21,257 (4,079)	∨	520,229 25,961 -	↔	805,494 64,491	\$ 2,006,578 59,168		\$ 164,253 4,524	53 \$ - -	4,093,431 182,509 (4,079)
Balance - December 31, 2019	↔	'	↔	287,885	↔	333,278	↔	546,190	↔	869,985	\$ 2,065,746		\$ 168,777	\$ 11	4,271,861
Net Book Value	↔	223,535	↔	202,211	↔	166,673	↔	108,277	↔	1,461,701	\$ 1,720,700		\$ 83,469	\$ 69	3,966,566
2018	l	Land		Buildings	Й	Equipment		Fleet		Roads	Underground and Other Networks	ᄝ.	Bridges and Other Structures	ır S	Total
Cost Balance - December 31, 2017 Additions Disposals	↔	223,535	↔	490,096	↔	414,243 49,890	↔	697,194 - (50,097)	↔	1,346,017 342,176	\$ 3,448,921 206,807		\$ 252,246	46 \$	6,872,252 598,873 (50,097)
Balance - December 31, 2018	↔	223,535	↔	490,096	∨	464,133	↔	647,097	↔	1,688,193	\$ 3,655,728		\$ 252,246	46 \$	7,421,028
Accumulated Amortization Balance - December 31, 2017 Amortization expense Disposals	↔	1 1 1	∨	272,114 8,663	∨	296,953 19,147 -	∽	536, 784 33,542 (50,097)	↔	777,282 28,212	\$ 1,950,944 55,634 -		\$ 159,728 4,525 -	28 \$	3,993,805 149,723 (50,097)
Balance - December 31, 2018	↔	'	↔	280,777	↔	316,100	↔	520,229	↔	805,494	\$ 2,006,578		\$ 164,253	53 \$	4,093,431
Net Book Value	↔	223,535	↔	209,319	↔	148,033	↔	126,868	↔	882,699	\$ 1,649,150		\$ 87,993	93 \$	3,327,597

December 31, 2019

9. Accumulated Surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of the following individual fund surplus and reserves as follows:

	2019	2018
Surplus		
Invested in tangible capital assets	\$ 2,732,234	\$ 2,642,480
Reduce (recover from) future taxation	53,733	(72,797)
Reduce (recover from) future user fees	17,916	39,583
Equity in Bluewater Power Corporation	172,883	161,046
	2,976,766	2,770,312
Reserves set aside for specific purposes by Council for:		
Working capital	85,090	78,687
Replacement of equipment	60,290	54,290
Water	126,473	108,478
Sewer	192,413	199,263
Replacement of fire equipment	29,458	23,958
Youth centre equipment	3,501	3,001
EOC generator	6,750	6,300
Community hall maintenance and repairs	9,471	8,273
Policing	3,500	3,500
Growth committee	823	823
Youth centre capital	320	320
Replacement of fire equipment	62,380	62,380
Fire building addition	4,430	3,221
Cemetery memorial	5,435	5,435
Cannabis implementation	15,000	-
Salt bay	37,457	-
Sidewalks	12,975	
Total Reserves	655,766	557,929
Accumulated Surplus	\$ 3,632,532	\$ 3,328,241

December 31, 2019

10. Budget Data

The unaudited budget data presented in these consolidated financial statements is based upon the 2019 budget approved by Council. Budgets are not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results under Public Sector Accounting Standards. Budgets anticipate using surpluses (or deficits) accumulated in previous years to reduce current year expenditures in excess of revenues to nil. In addition, the budget expensed all tangible capital assets rather than capitalizing them and recording amortization expense. The budget also expenses principal payments on debt and reserve transfers. As a result, the budget figures presented in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus represent the budget adopted by council with the following adjustments:

	_	2019
Budgeted surplus for the year Adjustments for:	\$	148,202
Debt principal repayments Capital expenditures Reserve transfers Amortization	_	11,470 165,662 21,253 (182,500)
Annual budgeted surplus	\$	164,087

11. Public Sector Salary Disclosure

During 2019, no Village employees were paid a salary, as defined in the Public Sector Salary Disclosure Act, 1996, of \$100,000 or more.

12. Trust Funds

Trust funds administered by the Village amounting to \$87,844 (2018 - \$85,558) are not included in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position nor have their operations been included in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities.

December 31, 2019

13. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to year end, the impact of COVID-19 in Canada and on the global economy increased significantly. As the impacts of COVID-19 continue, there could be further impact on the Municipality, its funding, revenue streams, supply chain and staffing. Management is actively monitoring the effect on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. In addition, if the impacts of COVID-19 continue there could be further impact on the Municipality, its suppliers and other third party business associates that could impact the timing of and amounts realized on the Municipality's financial statement. At this time, the full potential impact of COVID-19 on the Municipality is not known.

14. Segmented Information

The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs is a diversified municipal government institution that provides a wide range of services to its citizens such as police, fire, building inspection, sewer, water, waste collection, waste disposal, recycling, recreational, library and planning. Distinguishable functional segments have been separately disclosed in the segmented information.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

The nature of the segments and the activities they encompass are as follows:

General Government

This item reports the revenues and expenses that relate to the governance and operations of the Village itself and cannot be directly attributed to a specific segment.

Protection to Persons and Property

Protection is comprised of police services, fire protection, emergency measures, animal control and building and structural inspection. The police services work to ensure the safety and protection of the citizens and their property. The fire department is responsible to provide fire suppression service, fire prevention programs, training and education. The members of the fire department consist of volunteers. The building department provides a number of services including maintenance and enforcement of building and construction codes and review of all property development plans through its application process.

Transportation

Transportation is responsible for construction and maintenance of the Village's roadways, bridges, parking areas, sidewalks and streetlighting.

December 31, 2019

14. Segmented Information (Continued)

Environmental

Environmental services consists of providing waste collection, waste disposal and recycling to its citizens as well as sewer and water services.

Sewer services is responsible for collecting and cleaning the sewage. Water services collects, treats and distributes the Village's drinking water. They ensure the Village's sewer and water systems meet all Provincial standards.

Health

Health services include the operations of the local cemetery.

Recreational and Cultural Services

This service area provides services meant to improve the health and development of the Village's citizens. The municipality operates and maintains parks and a community centre.

Planning and Development

This department is responsible for planning and zoning including the Official Plan. This service area also includes, promotion and events as well as business improvement area, weed control, and drainage.

December 31, 2019

14. Segmented Information (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2019	General Government	Protection Services	Transportation Environmental Services	Environmental Services	R Health an Services	Recreational and Cultural Services	Planning and Development	Total
Revenue Taxation	\$ 432,696		• •	\$ 28,610 \$,		\$ 461,306
governments Fees and user charges	(13,359)	102,502 7,295	1 1	306,254	1 1	18,937	1 1	102,502
Grants Other Bluewater Power Corporation	596, 754 27,024 18,272	11,833		1 1 1	15,743	20,412		596, 754 75, 012 18, 272
	1,061,387	121,630		334,864	15,743	39,349	,	1,572,973
Expenses Salaries and benefits Materials and supplies	139,239 174,992	106,002	82,238 101,578	26,650 208,000	1,280 16,046	45,280	- 16,517	249,407
Contracted services Interest on long-term debt Amortization Other	3,206	95,291 - 44,728 -	- 17,648 69,572 -	44,774 6,691 60,763	3,948	4,239	1 1 1 1	140,065 24,339 182,508 3,948
	317,437	246,021	271,036	346,878	21,274	49,519	16,517	1,268,682
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 743,950	\$ (124,391)	743,950 \$ (124,391) \$ (271,036) \$	\$ (12,014) \$	(5,531) \$	(10,170) \$	\$ (16,517) \$	304,291

December 31, 2019

14. Segmented Information (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2018	General	Protection Services	Transportation Environmental Services Services	Environmental Services	Re Health ar Services	Recreational and Cultural Services	Planning and Development	Total
Revenue Taxation Taxation from other governments Fees and user charges Grants Other Bluewater Power Corporation	\$ 394,732 - 7,683 316,248 26,569 20,550	\$ 91,960 8,552 3,592	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 20,392 \$ - 310,020	. \$	21,859	.	415,124 91,960 348,114 316,248 47,475 20,550
Expenses Salaries and benefits Materials and supplies Contracted services Interest on long-term debt Amortization Other	765,782 143,600 155,149 - 2,469	104,104 - 101,795 102,018 - 50,495	82,081 102,390 6,021 32,758	330,412 26,585 205,737 37,186 7,111 57,229	16,015 1,493 15,695 - - 948	23,158 30,778 - - 6,771	1,151	1,239,471 253,759 612,695 139,204 13,132 149,722 948
Annual surplus (deficit)	301,218	254,308 \$ (150,204) \$	223,250 (223,250)	333,848	18,	37,549	1,151	1,169,7

The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs Trust Funds Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2019



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs

Opinion

We have audited the trust fund financial statements of The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs, which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2019, and the statement of continuity of trust funds for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the trust funds of The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs as at December 31, 2019, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Municipality or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Chatham, Ontario November 10, 2020

The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs Trust Funds Balance Sheet

December 31	2019	2018
Assets Cash Temporary investments	\$ 3,772 92,752	\$ 1,296 92,874
	\$ 96,524	\$ 94,170
Liabilities and Accumulated Net Assets Due to The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs Accumulated net assets	\$ 8,680 87,844	\$ 8,612 85,558
	\$ 96,524	\$ 94,170

The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs Trust Funds Statement of Continuity

For the year ended December 31	2019	2018
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 85,558	\$ 84,048
Receipts Interest earned Monument fund	 2,086 200	1,511 -
	2,286	1,511
Expenditures Cost of perpetual care	 -	1_
Balance, end of year	\$ 87,844	\$ 85,558

December 31, 2019

1. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Management Responsibility

The financial statements of The Corporation of the Village of Oil Springs (the "Village") Trust Funds are the representations of management. Precise determination of some assets and liabilities may be dependent upon future events and estimates and approximations. These estimates and approximations have been based upon the available information, using careful judgment and review.

(b) Basis of Accounting

Revenues and expenditures are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

(c) Investments

Investments are recorded at cost unless there has been a decline in the market value which is other than temporary in nature in which case the investments are written down to market value.